# Groundwater and Ecosystem Services A Water Utility View



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## Which Groundwater Ecosystem Services are Important to Water Utilities?

- Groundwater is an important water source for many water utilities world-wide
- Aquifers provide cheap (free?) storage of water with low evaporation losses, unlike reservoirs
- Soil and its associated groundwater biota provide 'free' water treatment via various processes – denitrification, adsorption, etc.
- Soil/groundwater systems are often used for wastewater disposal and treatment
- Soil/groundwater systems assimilate stormwater, reduce contaminant loads and reduce flooding



What tools (e.g. decision-making considerations, incentive payments) can the public and private sectors use to protect and increase water ecosystem services?

- In Australia most areas designated for public water supply are State-owned and protected by law; potentially harmful development is strongly regulated.
- Drying climate is encouraging aquifer replenishment with reclaimed water and removal of introduced pines – e.g.

http://www.water.wa.gov.au/sites/gss/Content/Projects/GS
S\_DraftStrategy.pdf and
http://www.watercorporation.com\_au/g/gwr.cfm

http://www.watercorporation.com.au/g/gwr.cfm



#### Question 1 - continued

- Proper 'apples-to-apples' economic valuation methods in which externalities such as ecosystem services are given a monetary value are urgently needed to guide both policy and business decision-making.
- If we don't do this we will simply continue the current 'tragedy of the commons' approach that is driving global warming and ecosystem destruction.



How have ecosystem services concepts been used in law or policy or decision-making dealing with water?

- Under Western Australian water law, provision of water for ecosystem support is the first allocation, before water is licensed for consumptive uses; this is beginning to fail as the climate dries and groundwater reserves shrink.
- The value of protected catchments (watersheds) in protecting water quality has been long-recognized; protection is enacted for both surface- and groundwater source areas.



In your experience, what successes and challenges have arisen?

- Source protection in declared public water supply areas has succeeded in protecting water quality.
- Although the value of ecosystem services in source protection is understood, they have not been properly valued.
- Extensive contamination of groundwater occurs in unprotected areas – farmland, urban, etc. – costs of this are increasing.
- Climatic drying is threatening both water quality and quantity.



What existing or planned policies and projects examine links between groundwater and ecosystem services?

- The Water Corporation is developing advanced (economic) cost-benefit analysis (ACBA) as an inhouse tool to value environmental and social externalities.
- For ecosystem services, the simplest valuation method is replacement or substitution cost – what would it cost to replace the service with an engineered 'solution'?
- The Water Services Association of Australia (WSAA) is facilitating the adoption of ACBA by all Australian water utilities.



Is there potential to extend existing projects that consider water ecosystem services, to groundwater?

- Yes see previous slide. We urgently need credible studies to establish the value of ecosystem services – for groundwater systems and others.
- The results of these studies should then be pragmatically applied to real decision-making



#### Thank You

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